



LONG ASHTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Annual Report

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH

for the

YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1941.



ANNUAL REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH for the Year ending 31st DECEMBER, 1941.

Medical Officer of Health - Herbert Newsome, M.B., B.S.,
Sanitary Inspector - E. T. H. Hawkins, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I.
2nd Sanitary Inspector - B. Barker, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I.

To the Chairman and Members of the Long Ashton Rural District Council.

Sir, Ladies, and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my annual report on the health and sanitary condition of the District during the past year. The information therein is, as far as possible, in conformity with the requirements of the Minister of Health, as laid down in Circulars 2314 of 26th March, 1941, and 2604 of 24th March, 1942, in which instructions are given to curtail the report as much as possible in view of increased work in Health Departments and the need to economise in the use of paper.

STATISTICS and SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area: - 46,515 acres.

Population (Census 1931): - 20,378

Population (Registrar General's estimate); - 25,550 to the middle of 1941. Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1941) according to Rate Books: - 6,495.
Rateable Value: - £171,608. Sum represented by a Penny Rate: - £702.

There are no important changes to note as regards the social conditions or general characteristics of the area, except that it is classed as a "Reception Area" for evacuation purposes.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births: - Legitimate.... 166 150 316 Birth rate per 11legitimate... 8 4 12 1,000 of the 21 154 328 estimated population (middle of 1941): -1941):-12.84

Still Births:- Legitimate 4 2 6 Still birth rate per Illegitimate 4 2 6 still) births:-
Deaths: - 135 133 268 Death rate per 1,000 of estimated population:
Deaths from Puerperal causes: - Puerperal sepsis Nil. Other puerperal causes Nil.
Death rates of Infants under 1 year of age: — Total deaths14 Death rate of all infants per 1,000 live births42.6 legitimate infants per 1,000 live births44.3 illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live birthsNil Deaths from measles (all ages)
The total number of births (328) is 2 more than last year (326). The Birth Rate (12.8) is lower than last year (14.19). The rate for England and Wales for 1941 is 14.2

England and Wales for 1941 is 14.2.

The total number of deaths (268) is less than last year (289). The death rate (10.4) is considerably lower than last year (12.5). The death rate for England and Wales this year is 12.9.

The infant mortality rate (42.6) is lower than last year (49.07). The rate for England and Wales is 59.0.

CAUSES of DEATH.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Enteric Fever		Department of the control of the con	
		Bronchitis	17
Cerebro-spinal fever	2	Pneumonia (all forms)	4 5
Whooping cough	1	Ot homimo and material	
Measles		Other respiratory diseases	6
	1	Ulcer of stomach & duodenum	5
inituenza,	1	Diarrhoea (under 2 years of	
Acute encephalitis	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Other idi	age)1
Tuberculosis	- 1	Other digestive diseases	9
10010010	5	Nephritis (acute & chronic)	13
Syphilis	, 1	Premature birth	٠,١
Cancer (Malignant diseases)			4
Diebot (Marignano diseases)	3/	Congenital defects	S
Diabetes	<u></u>	Suicide	<
Cerebral haemorrhage & Embolis	sm 36		7
THE THE POST OF TH		Road traffic accidents	6

CAUSES of DEATH (continued)

Heart Diseases	62	Other violent causes	16
Other diseases of		All other causes	18
circulatory system	5		

PREVALENCE and CONTROL over INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Notifiable Diseases.

Disease.		Notifications.	Removals to Hospital.	Deaths.
Scarlet fever Diphtheria Erysipelas Cerebro-spinal fe Enteric fever Dysentery (Sonné Pneumonia (all fe Puerperal Pyrexi Measles Whooping-cough) orms)	82 24 4 6 10 6 33 1 446 128	51 24 1 4 7 1 3 1 1 2	- - 2 1 - 15 - 1
	Totals	740	<u>95</u>	20

There has again been no case of small pox in the Area, but there is always a danger of cases being brought to this country and the great decrease in the number of persons who have been vaccinated is a source of great anxiety to those who are responsible for keeping the country free of this loathsome and fatal disease.

There have again been no deaths from scarlet fever and diphtheria, but there has been a large increase of notifications of the former disease, chiefly due to a rather large outbreak in Yatton (47 cases).

Extensive outbreaks of measles and whooping-cough, both of which have been made notifiable since the commencement of the war, have occurred. The bulk of the cases of both have occurred in Yatton and Easton-in-Gordano, but few villages have escaped altogether. Out of a total of 578 notifications of these two diseases only one death occurred from each of them.

Diphtheria immunization is now free to all and it cannot be too strongly emphasized that every effort should be made to get all children under 15 years of age inoculated. Until this is done, no

great diminution of the number of cases of this fatal disease can be expected.

The number of cases removed to hospital has again increased considerably, chiefly owing to the increase of scarlet fever and, to a lesser extent, of diphtheria. The arrangement with the Bristol Authority to take all cases from this Area has again been a great convenience and the results highly satisfactory.

TUBERCULOSIS.

•	Pulmonary.		Non-Pu	lmonary.	Total.
	Μ.	F.	Μ.	F.	
Notifications	10	11	1	10	32
Deaths	6	2	1	-	9
Removals to Sanatoria	6	2		-	8

There is nothing to complain of as to neglect of notification and there has been no need to take action under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925, or under Section 62 of the Public Health Act, 1925.

Health visiting and sanatorium treatment are under the control of the County Authority, as are the Tuberculosis Dispensaries in the Area which are at the Central Health Clinic, Bristol, and at Clevedon.

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS and DEATHS in AGE PERIODS.

Age periods	Not Pulmonar M. F		s ulmonary F.		Non-Pulmonary. M. F.
1st year 1 to 5 years 5 to 15 " 15 to 25 " 25 to 35 " 35 to 45 " 45 to 55 " 55 to 65 and over Totals	1 5 3 1 10 10	1	2 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 2 1 6 2	1 —

GENERAL PROVISION of HEALTH SERVICES in the AREA

A list of members of the Public Health staff is given at the commencement of the report. Laboratory facilities are provided by the County Authority at the County Hall; Taunton. Hospital treatment for cases of infectious diseases is provided at the Bristol Infectious Diseases Hospital by arrangement with the Bristol Health Authority. There is no change to report in such matters as Ambulance facilities, Nursing in the home, Treatment centres and Clinics, or Hospitals, public and voluntary.

The legislation in force in the Area is also unchanged.

WATER SUPPLY.

There has been no shortage of water in the District during the year. No new schemes have been put in hand or even considered this year, and it is unlikely that any will be considered during the war, apart from the provision of numerous static water tanks all over the Area for the purpose of providing for fire brigade services in the case of fire resulting from air raids.

All public supplies owned by this Council have been examined bacteriologically and all the samples were found to be free from contamination. Steps are being taken to chlorinate the Yatton Parochial

Supply.

Seventeen samples were taken during the year and bacteriologically examined. None of the Council's water mains were destroyed or damaged by enemy action.

SEWERAGE and SEWERAGE DISPOSAL.

No new sewage disposal works have been constructed during the year and no extensions have been made to existing sewers.

The North Weston disposal works which were installed during 1940 have continued to work satisfactorily and several more houses have been connected to the system.

Two sewers were damaged during air raids, which necessitated

the relaying of considerable lengths of pipes.

The question of installing additional machinery at the Yatton works has been considered.

Rivers & Streams; Public Cleansing; Smoke Abatement; Swimming Baths & Pools:-

There is nothing fresh to report in these matters.

ERADICATION of BED BUGS.

One Council house was found to be seriously infested with bed bugs and drastic action was taken to free the premises.

CAMPING SITES.

Many sites in the Area are used as camping grounds, the majority of them only being used at week ends during the summer. Most of the sites are at Redcliffe Bay and Walton Bay, bordering on and overlooking the Bristol Channel. Some of the sites are licensed by the Council under Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

SCHOOLS.

There is no change in the number of local schools and all are in a satisfactory condition. School attendance was seriously affected all over the Area and especially at Yatton and Pill by the epidemic of measles in the first half of the year.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT for the YEAR: ... 1941.

	No. of complaints received during the year	
Sewers.	No. of new sewers laid down by builders	_
	No. of existing houses connected to sewers 8 No. repaired or cleansed 9 No. re-laid (piped)	
Cesspools, and Water closets	No. of privies abolished	

New hou	ses.	No of new houses completed and occupied No of new houses supplied by Company's water No. of new houses supplied by wells or cisterns
Water s	upply	No. of samples of water taken for examination 17 No. of existing houses supplied with Company's water 6 No. of new wells 2 No. of wells or cisterns cleansed or repaired
		No. of dairies, cowsheds, and milkshops inspected. 56 No. of bakehouses inspected
		HOUSING.
the Cou	ise. The rily oncil w en le	dwelling-houses were erected by the Council or by private emajority of the houses subject to demolition orders are occupied on license or after having been requisitioned by with the consent of the Ministry of Health. These houses tas far as possible to persons who have been rendered enemy action.
1:- In	spect	ion of Dwelling-houses during the year;-
(1)		Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts22
1	(d)	Number of inspections made for the purpose27
(2)	(Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing (Consolidation) Regulations 1925 & 1932 2
	(b) I	Number of inspections made for the purpose 2
(3)	(Number of dwelling-houses foumd to be in a state of dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for munan habitation

	(4)		Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	2
2:	-		of defects during the year without service of notices:-	
		(a)	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	20
		(b)	Number of houses demolished voluntarily or in consequence of informal action	Nil
3:	-	Action	n under Statutory Powers during the year:-	
	(A)	Proc Act	ceedings under Sections 9,10, & 16 of the Housing, 1936:-	
		(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
			Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices: - (a) by owners	
	(B)	Pro	ceedings under Public Health Acts:-	••
		(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
		(2)		Nil Nil
	(:C)) Pro	ceedings under Sections 11, 13, & 26 of the Housing, 1936:-	
		(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which demolition orders were made	Nil
		(2)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of demokition orders	5

	(3)	(a) (b)	Clearance Number of	orders houses	made	ed		0 0 0 0 0	Nil Nil
	(4)	Cleara	nce orders	confir	med		• • • • • •	00000	Nil
	•	(a) (b) (c)	Number of Number of	houses houses houses	involv demoli to be	red shed demolish	ed	0 0 0 0 0	Nil 3 34
(D)	Proce		under Sec						
	(.1)	Number in res	of separa pect of wh	te tene	ments o	or underg	round e made	rooms	Nil.
: .		in res	of separa pect of wh nement or	ich Clo	sing Or	ders wer	e dete	rmined.	Nil

INSPECTION and SUPERVISION of FOOD.

The following meat was condemned during the year as being unfit for human consumption:-

Beef. 82 lbs.

Slaughter-houses. There are 11 private slaughter-houses, nine of which are registered and two licensed. None of these slaughter-houses are used for centralised slaughtering under the Ministry of Food and consequently are all temporarily out of use during the period of hostilities.

MILK.

No.	pf	producers on	the Register	338
. No:	of	distributors	only	23
			who are also producers	
			Tuberculin Tested milk	
No.	of	producers of	Accredited milk	31

During the year 67 samples of accredited milk and 56 samples of tuberculin tested milk were taken on behalf of the County Council and examined at the County Laboratory. 24 samples of mixed milk were also taken and examined at the County Laboratory for the presence of tubercle bacilli. The presence of tubercle bacilli was found in none of these samples.

EVACUATION.

The intensive aerial bombardment of Bristol caused a great exodus of Bristolians into the Long Ashton District in the first six months of 1941. At one time it is estimated that at least 8,000 persons slept in the District each night. Many condemned houses were licensed for occupation and most houses in the District had more than one family residing therein.

In June 1941 arrangements were made for a Rest and Shelter. Scheme to come into operation should the coming winter see a renewal of heavy enemy aerial bombardment. Some eighty such Rest Centres were arranged and volunteers came forward to man them. In every village arrangements were made for the Medical Practitioners to be available should it be necessary and the District Nursing Association and Red Cross and St. Johns arranged to provide helpers to attend to sick and shocked people. At the end of the year the medical scheme was carried further and some seventeen Medical Rest Centres were provided throughout the District and equipped as well as could be expected having regard to the shortage of medical equipment.

Although there was a large exodus from Bristol the number of officially billeted persons did not exceed two thousand during the year and this number dropped considerably when no air raids took place during the early winter months.

The usual skin diseases among evacuee children were less numerous than previously although several cases of scabies and impetigo were sent to the Government Sick Bays for treatment. The Grange at Flax Bourton previously used as a sick bay is now a hostel for difficult children for the whole of the South-West Region and is administered by the Society of Friends under the direction of the Regional Medical Officer of the Ministry of Health and the Medical Officer of Health of the Somerset County Council.

Again I have no new developments as regards water supplies, sewage disposal schemes etc. to report, and new housing is absolutely at a standstill, owing to the war.

The health of the people throughout the Area, again shows no sign of being seriously affected by wartime conditions, and the sanitary condition of the District continues to be satisfactory in all respects, in spite of the fact that there has been considerable overcrowding in villages near Bristol, owing to the influx from that city and other towns during the heavy air raids in the winter of 1940-41.

The work of my De artment has been efficiently carried on although there are now only two sanitary inspectors instead of three, Mr. Teal having left to take up another appointment, and Mr. Hawkins having a considerable amount of his time occupied by his duties as Fuel Controller.

In conclusion may I once more thank the Chairman and Members of the Council for their continued confidence and support given to me in the performance of my duties, and the officers of the Health and other Departments for their able assistance and co-operation at all times.

I am,
Your obedient Servant,

HERBERT NEWSOME.

Medical Officer of Health.

Council Offices, Flax Bourton, Bristol. August, 1942.

DISTRIBUTION of NOTIFIABLE DISEASES in the VARIOUS BARISHES of the AREA.

Parishes	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Erysipelas	Cerebro-spinal Fever	Enteric Fever	Pneumonia	Puerperal Pyrexia	Dysentery	Measles	Whooping-cough	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Non-pulmonary Tuberculosis	Totals
Abbots Leigh Backwell Barrow Gurney Bishopsworth Brockley Clapton-in-Gordano Dundry Easton-in-Gordano Flax Bourton Kenn Kingston Seymour Long Ashton Nailsea North Weston Portbury Tickenham Walton-in-Gordano Weston-in-Gordano Winford Wraxall Yatton	1 1 1 1 1 2 4 2 1 2 4 4 8	2 13 2 3	1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 2	. 12 5 13 1 22 1	1 1	3	426 3330455333 95127 189	1	1 5 31 31	13	51 40 128 4 187 19 127 19 127 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 10
Totals	83	24	4	6	10	33	2	6	463	116	20	11 ·	778